

DOOGAR & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of Omaxe Housing And Infrastructure Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Omaxe Housing And Infrastructure Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Ind AS Financial Statements").

Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) amendment Rules, 2016. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities, selection and application of appropriate accounting policies, making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

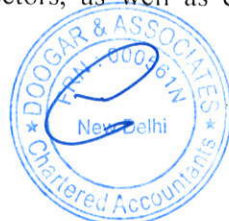
Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS Financial Statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS Financial Statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Board of Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2017, and its loss (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure I", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) amendment Rules 2016.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2017 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure II" and
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its Ind AS financial statements.
 - ii. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long term contracts.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investors Education and Protection Fund.



- iv. The Company has provided requisite disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements as regards its holding and dealings in Specified Bank Notes as defined in the Notification S.O. 3407(E) dated the November 8, 2016 of the Ministry of Finance, during the period from November 8, 2016 to December 30, 2016. Based on audit procedures performed and the representations provided to us by the management, we report that the disclosures are in accordance with the books of account maintained by the Company and as produced to us by the Management- Refer Note No 4 to the Ind AS financial statements.

For Doogar & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 000561N



Vikas Modi

Partner

Membership No: 505603



Place: New Delhi

Date: 26 MAY 2017

Annexure I to Independent Auditors' Report (Referred to in our report of even date)

- i. (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of the fixed assets.
 - (b) The fixed assets have been physically verified by the management at the reasonable intervals, which in our opinion, is considered reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us the Company does not hold any immovable property.
- ii. The Company does not have any inventory.
- iii. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- iv. In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- vi. The Central Government has not specified for the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly Clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable.
- vii.(a) According to the records of the Company, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, value added tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, cess and other applicable material undisputed statutory dues have been deposited regularly during the year with the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, or other applicable material statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any loan from any banks and financial institutions.
- ix. According to the information and explanations given to us, no term loan was taken and no money was raised by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) by the Company. Accordingly Clause 3(ix) of the order is not applicable.
- x. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- xi. According to the information and explanations given to us, no managerial remuneration has been paid or provided during the year.
- xii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company as prescribed under Section 406 of the Act. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the transaction with the related parties is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Ind AS Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvi. According to information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. .

For Doogar & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 000561N

Vikas Modi
Partner

Membership No: 505603



Place: New Delhi

Date: 26 MAY 2017

Annexure II to Independent Auditors' Report — 31 March 2017 (Referred to in our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Omaxe Housing And Infrastructure Limited** ("the Company") as at 31st March 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (a) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (b) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that



receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and

- (c) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **Doogar & Associates**

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 000561N


Vikas Modi

Partner

M. No: 505603



Place: New Delhi

Date: 26 MAY 2017

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2017

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 1, 2015
ASSETS				
Non-Current assets				
a)Property, Plant and Equipment	1	176,977.00	179,804.34	186,879.50
b)Financial Assets				
i)Loans	2	3,000.00	3,000.00	3,000.00
c)Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	3	156,550.00	192,730.00	233,677.00
		336,527.00	375,534.34	423,556.50
Current assets				
a)Financial Assets				
i)Cash and Cash Equivalents	4	243,377.65	1,319,596.46	1,372,677.63
b)Other Current Assets	5	805,281.00	806,727.00	805,674.61
		1,048,658.65	2,126,323.46	2,178,352.24
TOTAL ASSETS		1,385,185.65	2,501,857.80	2,601,908.74
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity				
a)Equity Share capital	6	500,000.00	500,000.00	500,000.00
b)Other Equity		(233,918.35)	(198,331.20)	(154,239.26)
		266,081.65	301,668.80	345,760.74
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
a) Financial Liabilities				
i)Other Financial Liabilities	7	30,962.00	11,450.00	11,236.00
b) Other Current Liabilities	8	1,087,999.00	2,187,999.00	2,187,999.00
c)Provisions	9	143.00	740.00	56,913.00
		1,119,104.00	2,200,189.00	2,256,148.00
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,385,185.65	2,501,857.80	2,601,908.74
Significant accounting policies	A			

The note nos. 1-22 form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of
Doogar & Associates
 Chartered Accountants
 Regn. No. 000561N


Vikas Modi
 Partner
 M.No. 505603



Place : New Delhi
 Date : 26 MAY 2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors


Manish Garg
 (Director)
 DIN: 07099649


Rahul Goyal
 (Director)
 DIN: 02054304

Omaxe Housing And Infrastructure Limited

Regd. Office: 10, Local Shopping Centre, Kalkaji, New Delhi-110019

Corporate Identity Number :U45201DL2006PLC145715

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2017

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	Note No.	Year ended March 31, 2017	Year ended March 31, 2016
REVENUE			
Other income		148,000.00	81,400.00
TOTAL INCOME		148,000.00	81,400.00
EXPENSES			
Finance cost	10	5,858.81	8,577.17
Depreciation and Amortization expense		2,827.34	7,075.16
Other Expenses	11	138,578.00	61,865.61
TOTAL EXPENSES		147,264.15	77,517.94
Profit Before Tax		735.85	3,882.06
Tax expense	12	36,323.00	47,974.00
Profit/(Loss) for the year		(35,587.15)	(44,091.94)
Other comprehensive Income		-	-
Tax on above items		-	-
Total other comprehensive Income		-	-
Total comprehensive Income for the year		(35,587.15)	(44,091.94)
Earnings per equity share			
Basic & diluted (Face value of Rs. 10 each)	13	(0.71)	(0.88)
Significant accounting policies	A		

The note nos. 1-22 form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of
Doogar & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Regn. No. 000561N

Vikas Modi
Partner
M.No. 505603



Place : New Delhi
Date : 26 MAY 2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Manish Garg
(Director)
DIN: 07099649

Rahul Goyal
(Director)
DIN: 02054304

Omaxe Housing And Infrastructure Limited

Regd. Office: 10, Local Shopping Centre, Kalkaji, New Delhi-110019
Corporate Identity Number : U45201DL2006PLC145715

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended March 31,2017

A. Equity Share Capital

Particulars	Numbers	Amount in Rupees
Balance as at 1 April 2015	50,000	500,000.00
Changes in equity share capital during 2015-16	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2016	50,000	500,000.00
Balance as at 1 April 2016	50,000	500,000.00
Changes in equity share capital during 2016-17	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2017	50,000	500,000.00

B. Other Equity

(Amount in Rupees)


Description	Attributable to owners of Omaxe Housing and Infrastructure Limited		
	Retained Earnings	Other comprehensive Income	Total Other Equity
Balance as at 1 April 2015	(154,239.26)	-	(154,239.26)
Profit/(loss) for the year	(44,091.94)	-	(44,091.94)
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2016	(198,331.20)	-	(198,331.20)
Balance as at 1 April 2016	(198,331.20)	-	(198,331.20)
Profit/(loss) for the year	(35,587.15)	-	(35,587.15)
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2017	(233,918.35)	-	(233,918.35)

The notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of
Doogar & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Regn. No. 000561N

For and on behalf of board of directors


Vikas Modi
Partner
M. No.505603




Manish Garg
(Director)
DIN: 07099649


Rahul Goyal
(Director)
DIN: 02054304

Place: New Delhi

Date: 26 MAY 2017

Omaxe Housing And Infrastructure Limited

Regd. Office: 10, Local Shopping Centre, Kalkaji, New Delhi-110019
Corporate Identity Number :U45201DL2006PLC145715

Cash flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2017

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2017	Year ended March 31, 2016
A. Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit for the year before tax	735.85	3,882.06
Adjustment for:		
Bank Charge and Interest	5,858.81	8,577.17
Depreciation	2,827.34	7,075.16
Operating profit before working capital changes	9,422.00	19,534.39
Adjustments for working capital		
Other current Assets	1,446.00	(1,052.39)
Other current liabilities	(1,100,000.00)	-
current other financial liabilities	19,512.00	214.00
	(1,079,042.00)	(838.39)
Cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	(1,069,620.00)	18,696.00
Direct taxes paid	(740.00)	(63,200.00)
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities	(1,070,360.00)	(44,504.00)
B. Cash flow from investing activities	-	-
C. Cash flow from financing activities		
Bank Charge and Interest paid	(5,858.81)	(8,577.17)
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities	(5,858.81)	(8,577.17)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(1,076,218.81)	(53,081.17)
Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	1,319,596.46	1,372,677.63
Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	243,377.65	1,319,596.46

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of
Doogar & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Regn. No. 000561N


Vikas Modi
Partner
M.No. 505603



Place : New Delhi
Date : 26 MAY 2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors


Manish Garg
(Director)
DIN: 07099649


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Omaxe Housing And Infrastructure Limited

Regd. Office: 10, Local Shopping Centre, Kalkaji, New Delhi-110019

Corporate Identity Number :U45201DL2006PLC145715

A. Significant accounting policies

1. Corporate information

Omaxe Housing and Infrastructure Limited ("The Company") is a subsidiary company of Omaxe Limited. Registered address of the Company is 10, Local Shopping Centre, Kalkaji, New Delhi-110019.

The company is into the Real Estate Business.

2. Significant accounting policies

i) Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 ('Ind AS') issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA'). The Company has uniformly applied the accounting policies during the period presented.

For all periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP). These financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 are the first financial statements, the Company has prepared in accordance with Ind AS. For the purpose of comparatives, financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 are also prepared under Ind AS.

The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 were authorised and approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 May 2017

As these are the first financial statements of the Company under Ind AS. Refer note 20 for an explanation of how the transition from previous GAAP to Ind AS has affected the Company's financial position and financial performance.

ii) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised on accrual basis and measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of returns and discounts to customers.

iii) Inventories

Land is valued at cost, which is determined on average method. Cost includes cost of acquisition and all other costs incurred till the date of Possession.

iv) Property, Plant and Equipment

Recognition and initial measurement

Properties, plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost, if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Subsequent measurement (depreciation and useful lives)

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided on written down value method based on the useful life of the asset as specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act,

2013. The management estimates the useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Cost of building constructed on land owned by third party under 'Build Own Transfer' agreement is amortized over the period of the agreement.

De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognized.

v) Impairment of Non Financial Assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

vi) Financial Instruments

a) Financial Assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted for transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

(1) Financial instruments at amortised cost – the financial instrument is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the Principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is primarily de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

b) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities are also adjusted. These liabilities are classified as amortised cost.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. These liabilities include borrowings and deposits.



De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or on the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

c) Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 18 details how the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

vii) Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

A provision is recognized when:

- the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

viii) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the total comprehensive income for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the total comprehensive income for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity share.

ix) Income Tax

i. Provision for current tax is made based on the tax payable under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit and loss is recognised outside profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity)

ii. Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

x) Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation of uncertainty

Significant management judgements

When preparing the financial statements, management undertakes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

The following are significant management judgements in applying the accounting policies of the Company that have the most significant effect on the financial statements.

(a) Revenue

Revenue is recognised on accrual basis and comprises of aggregate amounts of sale price agreed with customer and is recognised on the basis of cost of rights so transferred.

(b) Recognition of deferred tax assets

The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the Company's future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.



A large, stylized handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to be "D. GOGGA". To its right is a smaller, more compact handwritten signature or initials in blue ink.

Note 1 : PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	Office Equipments	Vehicles	Computers and Printers	Total
Gross carrying amount				
Balance as at 1 April 2015	17,112.00	139,462.50	30,305.00	186,879.50
Additions	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2016	17,112.00	139,462.50	30,305.00	186,879.50
Balance as at 1 April 2016	17,112.00	139,462.50	30,305.00	186,879.50
Additions	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2017	17,112.00	139,462.50	30,305.00	186,879.50
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance as at 1 April 2015	-	-	-	-
Depreciation charge during the year	-	7,075.16	-	7,075.16
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2016	-	7,075.16	-	7,075.16
Balance as at 1 April 2016	-	7,075.16	-	7,075.16
Depreciation charge during the year	-	2,827.34	-	2,827.34
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2017	-	9,902.50	-	9,902.50
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2017	17,112.00	129,560.00	30,305.00	176,977.00
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2016	17,112.00	132,387.34	30,305.00	179,804.34
Net carrying amount as at 1 April 2015	17,112.00	139,462.50	30,305.00	186,879.50

Note:

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
Depreciation has been charged to		
- Statement of profit & loss	2,827.34	7,075.16
Total	2,827.34	7,075.16



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2. NON CURRENT LOANS

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 1, 2015
Security Deposit(Unsecured) Considered Good	3,000.00	3,000.00	3,000.00
	3,000.00	3,000.00	3,000.00

3. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (NET)

The movement on deferred tax account is as follows:

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
At the Start of the Year	192,730.00	233,677.00
Credits/(charge) relating to temporary differences(refer note 12)	(36,323.00)	(41,687.00)
Temporary differences on other comprehensive income	-	-
Movement in Mat Credit	143.00	740.00
At the end of the Year	156,550.00	192,730.00

Component of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) :

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 1, 2015
Deferred Tax Assets			
MAT Credit	883.00	740.00	-
Expenses allowed on account of difference between book and tax base of fixed assets	155,667.00	191,990.00	233,677.00
	156,550.00	192,730.00	233,677.00

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 1, 2015
Balance with Banks - In current Accounts	49,339.65	30,234.46	13,811.63
Cash on hand	194,038.00	1,289,362.00	1,358,866.00
	243,377.65	1,319,596.46	1,372,677.63

During the year, the Company had specified bank notes or other denomination note as defined in the MCA notification G.S.R. 308E dated March 30, 2017 on the details of Specified Bank Notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period from November 8, 2016 to December 30, 2016, the denomination wise SBNs and other notes as per the notification is given below:

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	SBNs*	Other denomination notes	Total
Closing cash in hand as on November 8, 2016	1,187,000.00	1,178.00	1,188,178.00
(+) Permitted receipts	-	100,000.00	100,000.00
(-) Permitted Payments	-	-	-
(-) Amount deposited in Banks	1,187,000.00	-	1,187,000.00
Closing cash in hand as on December 30, 2016	-	101,178.00	101,178.00

*For the purpose of this clause, the term 'Specified Bank Notes' shall have the same meaning provided in the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Finance, Department of Economic Affairs number S.O. 3407E, dated the 8th November, 2016



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5. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at		As at	
	March 31, 2017		March 31, 2016	
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)				
Advances against goods, services & others	282,902.00		282,902.00	282,902.00
Balance with Government / statutory authorities	513,351.00		513,351.00	513,351.00
Prepaid expenses	9,028.00		10,474.00	9,421.61
	805,281.00		806,727.00	805,674.61

6. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at		As at	
	March 31, 2017		March 31, 2016	
Authorised				
50,000 (2016-50,000 ; 2015-50,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	500,000.00		500,000.00	500,000.00
	500,000.00		500,000.00	500,000.00
Issued, subscribed & paid up				
50,000 (2016-50,000 ; 2015-50,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up	500,000.00		500,000.00	500,000.00
	500,000.00		500,000.00	500,000.00

Figures in brackets represent those of the previous year.

6.1 Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	As at		As at		As at	
	March 31, 2017		March 31, 2016		April 1, 2015	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid						
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	50,000	500,000.00	50,000	500,000.00	50,000	500,000.00
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	50,000	500,000.00	50,000	500,000.00	50,000	500,000.00

6.2 Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10/-per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. If new equity shares, issued by the company shall be ranked pari-passu with the existing equity shares. The company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed if any by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the share holders.

6.3 Shares held by holding / Ultimate holding company and / or their subsidiaries and associates

Particulars	As at		As at		As at	
	March 31, 2017		March 31, 2016		April 1, 2015	
	Number of Shares held	Amount	Number of Shares held	Amount	Number of Shares held	Amount
Holding Company						
Omaxe Limited	50,000	500,000.00	50,000	500,000.00	50,000	500,000.00
	50,000	500,000.00	50,000	500,000.00	50,000	500,000.00

6.4 Detail of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in equity capital of the company

Particulars	As at		As at		As at	
	March 31, 2017		March 31, 2016		April 1, 2015	
	Number of Shares held	% Holding	Number of Shares held	% Holding	Number of Shares held	% Holding
Holding Company						
Omaxe Limited	50,000	100.00	50,000	100.00	50,000	100.00

The aforesaid disclosure is based upon percentages computed as at the balance sheet date. As per records of the company, including its register of shareholders / members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

6.5 The company has not reserved any shares for issue under options and contracts / commitments for the sale of shares / disinvestment.

6.6 The company has not allotted any fully paid up shares pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash and has neither allotted any fully paid up shares by way of bonus shares nor has bought back any class of shares during the period of five years immediately preceding the balance sheet date.



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7. CURRENT OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 1, 2015
Audit fee payable	11,500.00	11,450.00	11,236.00
Other Payable	19,462.00	-	-
	30,962.00	11,450.00	11,236.00

8. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 1, 2015
Advance from ultimate holding company	1,087,999.00	2,187,999.00	2,187,999.00
	1,087,999.00	2,187,999.00	2,187,999.00

9. SHORT TERM PROVISIONS

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 1, 2015
Provision for taxation	143.00	740.00	56,913.00
	143.00	740.00	56,913.00



10. FINANCE COST

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016
Bank charges	5,842.81	8,577.17
Interest on TDS	16.00	-
	5,858.81	8,577.17

11. OTHER EXPENSES

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016
Administrative Expenses		
Rent	17,596.00	17,482.00
Rates and taxes	2,444.00	7,200.00
Insurance expenses	28,389.00	24,424.61
Legal & professional charges	4,990.00	1,145.00
Statutory audit fee	11,500.00	11,614.00
Repair and Maintenance	73,659.00	-
	138,578.00	61,865.61

12. INCOME TAX

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016
Tax expenses comprises of :		
Current Tax Provision	143.00	740.00
Tax Adjustment of Earlier year	-	6,287.00
Mat Credit Entitlement	(143.00)	(740.00)
Deferred Tax charge/(credit)	36,323.00	41,687.00
	36,323.00	47,974.00

The major component of income tax expenses and the reconciliation of expected tax expenses based on the domestic effective tax rate of company and reported tax expense in statement of profit and loss are as follows :

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016
Accounting profit/(loss) before tax	735.85	3,882.06
Applicable Tax Rates	19.055%	19.055%
Computed tax expenses	140.00	740.00
Tax effect of:		
Expenses Disallowed	3.00	-
Current Tax Provisions(A)	143.00	740.00
Adjustments recognised in current year in relation to current tax of prior years (B)	-	6,287.00
Deferred tax asset on account of difference between book and tax base of fixed asset	36,323.00	41,687.00
Deferred tax Provisions (C)	36,323.00	41,687.00
Mat Credit Entitlement (D)	(143.00)	(740.00)
Tax expense recognised in statement of profit and loss (A+B+C+D)	36,323.00	47,974.00



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13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2016
Profit/(loss) after tax (in Rupees)	(35,587.15)	(44,091.94)
Numerator used for calculating basic and diluted earnings per share	(35,587.15)	(44,091.94)
Equity shares outstanding as at the year end	50,000	50,000
Weighted average number of shares used as denominator for calculating basic & diluted earnings per share	50,000	50,000
Nominal value per share (in Rupees)	10.00	10.00
Basic & diluted earnings per share (in Rupees)	(0.71)	(0.88)

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES & COMMITMENTS

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 1, 2015
Contingent Liabilities	NIL	NIL	NIL

15. Balances of loan/advances given/received and other financial and non financial assets and liabilities are subject to reconciliation and confirmation from respective parties. The balance of said loan/advances given/received are taken as shown by the books of accounts. The ultimate outcome of such reconciliation and confirmation cannot presently be determined, therefore, no provision for any liability that may result out of such reconciliation and confirmation has been made in the financial statement, the financial impact of which is unascertainable due to the reasons as above stated.

16. SEGMENT REPORTING

In line with the provisions of Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments and on the basis of review of operations being done by the management of the company, the operations of the company falls under real estate business, which is considered to be the only reportable segment by management.



NOTE 17 : FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

(i) Financial Assets by category

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016	As at April 1, 2015
Financial Assets				
At Amortised cost				
Non Current				
Loans	2	3,000.00	3,000.00	3,000.00
Current				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4	243,377.65	1,319,596.46	1,372,677.63
Total Financial Assets		246,377.65	1,322,596.46	1,375,677.63
Financial Liabilities				
At Amortised cost				
Current				
Other Financial Liabilities	7	30,962.00	11,450.00	11,236.00
Total Financial Liabilities		30,962.00	11,450.00	11,236.00

(ii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

(Amount in Rupees)

	As at March 31, 2017		As at March 31, 2016		As at April 1, 2015	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets						
Non Current Asset						
Loans	3,000.00	3,000.00	3,000.00	3,000.00	3,000.00	3,000.00
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	243,377.65	243,377.65	1,319,596.46	1,319,596.46	1,372,677.63	1,372,677.63
Total Financial Assets	246,377.65	246,377.65	1,322,596.46	1,322,596.46	1,375,677.63	1,375,677.63
Financial Liabilities						
Current Liabilities						
Other Financial Liabilities	30,962.00	30,962.00	11,450.00	11,450.00	11,236.00	11,236.00
Total Financial Liabilities	30,962.00	30,962.00	11,450.00	11,450.00	11,236.00	11,236.00

For short term financial assets and liabilities carried at amortized cost, the carrying value is reasonable approximation of fair value.



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NOTE 18 :RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The management has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge its obligation to the Company. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

Credit risk management*Credit risk rating*

The Company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

- A: Low credit risk on financial reporting date
B: Moderate credit risk

The company provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Credit risk	Basis of categorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, loans, Investments and other financial assets	12 month expected credit loss
Moderate credit risk	Trade receivables and other financial assets	Life time expected credit loss or 12 month expected credit loss

Based on business environment in which the Company operates, a default on a financial asset is considered when the counter party fails to make payments within the agreed time period as per contract. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic conditions. Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Company. The Company continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. Recoveries made are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

(Amount in Rupees)

Credit rating	Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016	As at 1 April 2015
A: Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents and Loans	246,377.65	1,322,596.46	1,375,677.63

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the financial liabilities into relevant maturity pattern based on their contractual maturities.

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total	Carrying Amount
As at 31 March 2017						
Other Financial Liabilities	30,962.00	-	-	-	30,962.00	30,962.00
Total	30,962.00	-	-	-	30,962.00	30,962.00
As at 31 March 2016						
Other Financial Liabilities	11,450.00	-	-	-	11,450.00	11,450.00
Total	11,450.00	-	-	-	11,450.00	11,450.00

Note 19 : CAPITAL MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The Company's capital management objectives are to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as well as to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of equity plus its subordinated loan, less cash and cash equivalents as presented on the face of the statement of financial position and cash flow hedges recognised in other comprehensive income.



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20. First-time adoption of Ind-AS

Transition to Ind AS

These are the Company's first financial statements prepared in accordance with Ind AS. The accounting policies set out in note 'A' have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017, the comparative information presented in these financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 and in the preparation of an opening Ind AS Statement of Financial Position at 1 April 2015 (the Company's date of transition). In preparing its opening Ind AS Statement of Financial Position, the company has adjusted the amounts reported previously in financial statements prepared in accordance with the accounting standards notified under Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended) and other relevant provisions of the Act (previous GAAP or Indian GAAP). An explanation of how the transition from previous GAAP to Ind AS has affected the company's financial position, financial performance and cash flows is set out in the following tables and notes.

Reconciliations between previous GAAP and Ind AS

Ind AS 101 requires an entity to reconcile equity, total comprehensive income and cash flows for prior periods. The following tables represent the reconciliations from previous GAAP to Ind AS.

Reconciliation of equity as at date of transition

(Amount in Rupees)

Particular	Balance sheet as at April 1, 2015			Balance sheet as at March 31, 2016		
	IGAAP	Effects of transition to Ind-AS	Ind AS	IGAAP	Effects of transition to Ind-AS	Ind AS
ASSETS						
Non-Current Assets						
a) Property, Plant and Equipment	186,879.50	-	186,879.50	179,804.34	-	179,804.34
b) Financial Assets						
i) Loans	3,000.00	-	3,000.00	3,000.00	-	3,000.00
c) Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	233,677.00	-	233,677.00	192,730.00	-	192,730.00
	423,556.50	-	423,556.50	375,534.34	-	375,534.34
Current Assets						
a) Financial Assets						
i) Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,372,677.63	-	1,372,677.63	1,319,596.46	-	1,319,596.46
b) Other Current Assets	805,674.61	-	805,674.61	806,727.00	-	806,727.00
	2,178,352.24	-	2,178,352.24	2,126,323.46	-	2,126,323.46
TOTAL ASSETS	2,601,908.74	-	2,601,908.74	2,501,857.80	-	2,501,857.80
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Equity						
a) Equity Share capital	500,000.00	-	500,000.00	500,000.00	-	500,000.00
b) Other Equity						
i) Retained Earnings	(154,239.26)	-	(154,239.26)	(198,331.20)	-	(198,331.20)
	345,760.74	-	345,760.74	301,668.80	-	301,668.80
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
a) Financial Liabilities						
i) Other Financial Liabilities	11,236.00	-	11,236.00	11,450.00	-	11,450.00
b) Other Current Liabilities	2,187,999.00	-	2,187,999.00	2,187,999.00	-	2,187,999.00
c) Provisions	56,913.00	-	56,913.00	740.00	-	740.00
	2,256,148.00	-	2,256,148.00	2,200,189.00	-	2,200,189.00
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	2,601,908.74	-	2,601,908.74	2,501,857.80	-	2,501,857.80

Explanation for reconciliation of Balance sheet as previously reported under IGAAP to Ind AS

There is no Change in the Balance sheet due to the transition from IGAAP to IND AS



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Reconciliations of Statement of Profit and Loss as previously reported under IGAAP to Ind AS

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2016		
	IGAAP	Effects of transition to Ind-AS	Ind AS
REVENUE			
Other Income	81,400.00	-	81,400.00
TOTAL INCOME	81,400.00	-	81,400.00
Expenses			
Finance cost	8,577.17	-	8,577.17
Depreciation and Amortization expense	7,075.16	-	7,075.16
Other Expenses	61,865.61	-	61,865.61
TOTAL EXPENSES	77,517.94	-	77,517.94
Profit Before Tax	3,882.06	-	3,882.06
Tax expense:	47,974.00	-	47,974.00
Profit for the Year	(44,091.94)	-	(44,091.94)
Profit for the Year attributable to the owners	(44,091.94)	-	(44,091.94)
Other comprehensive Income			
Tax on above items	-	-	-
Total comprehensive Income	(44,091.94)	-	(44,091.94)

Explanation for reconciliation of Statement of Profit and loss as previously reported under IGAAP to Ind AS

There is no Change in Statement of Profit and loss due to the transition from IGAAP to IND AS

Reconciliation of total equity as at 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2015

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	March 31, 2016	April 1, 2015
Total Equity (Shareholder funds) as per Previous GAAP	301,668.80	345,760.74
Adjustments	-	-
Total Equity as Per IND AS	301,668.80	345,760.74

Reconciliation of total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2016

(Amount in Rupees)

Particulars	Year Ended March 2016
As Per Previous GAAP	(44,091.94)
Ind As Adjustment	-
As Per IND AS	(44,091.94)



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21. RELATED PARTIES DISCLOSURES

A. Name of related parties

1. Guild Builders Private Limited (ultimate holding company)
2. Omaxe Limited (holding company)

B. Summary of transactions with related parties are as under

(Amount in Rupees)

Transaction	Year Ended	Guild Builders Private Limited (ultimate holding company)	Total
Advance received	March 31,2017	100,000.00	100,000.00
	March 31,2016	(NIL)	(NIL)
Advances repaid / adjusted	March 31,2017	1,200,000.00	1,200,000.00
	March 31,2016	NIL	NIL
Balances Outstanding	As on		
Amount Payable	March 31,2017	1,087,999.00	1,087,999.00
	March 31,2016	(2,187,999.00)	(2,187,999.00)
	April 1,2015	(2,187,999.00)	(2,187,999.00)

Figures in bracket represent those of the previous year.

22. The company has regrouped / reclassified previous year figures where necessary to conform with current year's classification.

The note nos. 1-22 referred to above form an integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

Doogar & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Regn. No. 000561N

Vikas Modi

Partner

M.No. 505603



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Manish Garg

(Director)

DIN: 07099649

Rahul Goyal

(Director)

DIN: 02054304

Place : New Delhi

Date : 26 MAY 2017